



Benchmarking for Performance Improvement Training Course

25 – 29 January 2027
Amsterdam

Benchmarking for Performance Improvement Training Course

Ref: 132_112992 **Date:** 25 – 29 January 2027 **Location:** Amsterdam **Fees:** 5700 Euro

Course Overview

Benchmarking for Performance Improvement Training Course is a five-day course for performance managers, operational excellence professionals, quality specialists, strategy teams, process owners, and improvement leaders who leave with a Benchmarking Study and Improvement Action Plan. Participants define comparable measures, select peer groups, normalize evidence, analyze performance gaps, and adapt enabling practices through one continuing case. The course connects comparison findings to owned initiatives, targets, governance, and review cycles. Benchmarking for performance improvement is taught by Agile Leaders Training Center.

Who Should Attend

- Performance functions responsible for measures, targets, reviews, and performance reporting
- Operational excellence functions responsible for process comparison and improvement portfolios
- Quality functions responsible for evidence, variation, controls, and improvement assurance
- Strategy functions responsible for priorities, capabilities, and performance alignment
- Process ownership functions responsible for operating results and practice adoption
- Business improvement functions responsible for diagnosis, action planning, and benefit tracking

The course assumes participants already work with organizational measures, processes, or improvement initiatives, and it leaves out introductory statistics and software-specific analytics.

Departments and Industries

The course supports evidence-based benchmarking across service, industrial, and public-facing operations.

- Strategy, performance management, and transformation
- Quality, operational excellence, and process improvement
- Banking, insurance, and professional services
- Healthcare, education, and public-service operations
- Manufacturing, energy, and utilities
- Logistics, hospitality, and customer operations

Learning Objectives

By the end of this course, participants will be able to:



- Analyze benchmarking purposes, scopes, types, and decision needs
- Build comparable measures and peer-selection criteria
- Apply ethical data collection, validation, and normalization methods
- Evaluate performance gaps and enabling practices
- Prioritize adaptable practices and improvement initiatives
- Build governance, ownership, targets, and review cycles

Course Agenda

Day 1: Benchmarking Purpose and Scope

- Benchmarking Business Need Canvas
- Internal, Competitive, Functional, and Process Benchmarking Decision Matrix
- Benchmarking Study Scope Charter
- Baseline Performance Profile
- Stakeholder and Sponsor Alignment Map

Day 2: Measures and Peer Selection

- Comparable Measure Definition Sheet
- Metric Inclusion and Exclusion Rules
- Peer-Group Selection Criteria Matrix
- Operating Context Comparability Profile
- Benchmarking Partner Prioritization Grid

Day 3: Evidence Collection and Normalization

- Benchmarking Code of Conduct Checklist
- Data Collection Protocol
- Evidence Source and Validation Register
- Data Normalization Method
- Qualitative Practice Interview Guide

Day 4: Gap Analysis and Practice Adaptation

- Performance Gap Analysis Matrix
- Practice-to-Outcome Linkage Map
- Enabling Practice Assessment
- Practice Adaptability and Risk Screen
- Improvement Initiative Prioritization Model



Day 5: Benchmarking Practice and Capstone

- Study Scope and Measure Definition Exercise
- Peer Selection and Normalization Exercise
- Performance Gap and Practice Analysis Exercise
- Improvement Governance and Review Exercise
- Capstone Benchmarking Study and Improvement Action Plan

Practical Exercises

The course uses suggested activities that connect performance evidence, peer comparison, practice analysis, and implementation decisions.

- Suggested activity: scope a customer-service benchmarking study and define comparable measures
- Suggested activity: select peers and normalize operating data for a manufacturing process
- Suggested activity: distinguish performance gaps from enabling practices in a healthcare case
- Suggested activity: prioritize adapted practices and assign targets, owners, and review points

FAQs

Who is the Benchmarking for Performance Improvement Training Course suited to?

The course suits intermediate professionals who already work with measures, processes, performance reviews, or improvement initiatives and need a disciplined method for conducting benchmarking studies.

How does benchmarking for performance improvement differ from general performance management training?

Benchmarking for performance improvement compares normalized results and enabling practices with relevant peers, while general performance management training concentrates on setting objectives, monitoring internal measures, and conducting routine reviews.

How should benchmarking peer groups be selected?

Benchmarking peer groups should match the study purpose, process characteristics, operating conditions, measure definitions, and availability of validated and appropriately normalized evidence.

Why does benchmarking data need normalization?

Normalization adjusts material differences in scale, workload, scope, service mix, or operating context so participants can interpret comparisons without treating unlike conditions as equivalent.



How are benchmarking findings converted into improvement actions?

Benchmarking findings become actions by linking gaps to enabling practices, screening adaptability and risk, prioritizing initiatives, assigning owners and targets, and establishing governance and review cycles.

Conclusion

Participants take back a Benchmarking Study and Improvement Action Plan containing the scope, measures, peer criteria, evidence controls, normalized comparisons, gap analysis, practice findings, initiatives, targets, owners, and reviews. The plan creates a traceable route from comparison to implementation. It helps organizations make defensible peer choices, adapt relevant practices, and govern performance improvement.