



AI for Hydrogen Production and Storage Operations Training Course

7 – 11 February 2027
Tashkent

AI for Hydrogen Production and Storage Operations Training Course

Ref: 209_118645 **Date:** 7 – 11 February 2027 **Location:** Tashkent **Fees:** 8000 Euro

Overview

AI for Hydrogen Production and Storage Operations Training Course is a five-day advanced course for hydrogen project engineers, process engineers, energy asset managers, storage specialists, operations personnel, and digital transformation teams, who leave with an AI-Enabled Hydrogen Production and Storage Deployment Blueprint. Participants connect electrolyzer analytics, hydrogen demand forecasting, hydrogen predictive maintenance, storage integrity analytics, and a hydrogen digital twin to operational evidence, safety boundaries, cybersecurity, and human authority. Agile Leaders Training Center delivers training in AI for hydrogen production and storage operations.

Who Should Attend

- Hydrogen project engineering personnel responsible for system boundaries, performance, integration, and deployment
- Process engineering personnel responsible for production efficiency, operating envelopes, controls, and optimization
- Energy asset management personnel responsible for condition, reliability, lifecycle, and intervention priorities
- Storage engineering personnel responsible for inventory, pressure, integrity, monitoring, and recovery
- Operations personnel responsible for situational awareness, alarms, escalation, and safe response
- Digital transformation personnel responsible for data architecture, analytics pilots, assurance, and scaling

The course assumes participants can interpret hydrogen process data and engineering constraints, and it leaves out process design calculations, model coding, safety certification, and autonomous control.

Departments and Industries

The course supports hydrogen operations across renewable energy, industrial gases, refining, chemicals, power systems, transport fuels, and energy storage.

- Hydrogen production and process operations
- Electrolyzer and balance-of-plant engineering
- Compression, storage, and distribution
- Asset integrity and maintenance
- Process safety and operational technology security
- Energy integration and digital engineering

Learning Objectives

By the end of this course, participants will be able to:

- Analyze hydrogen use cases, boundaries, and operating constraints
- Evaluate production, storage, and energy data readiness
- Apply forecasting, optimization, and condition analytics
- Diagnose anomalies and prioritize engineering response
- Evaluate digital twins, safeguards, and pilot evidence
- Build an AI-enabled hydrogen deployment blueprint

Course Agenda

Day 1: Hydrogen System Context and Data

- Production, Storage, and Energy Boundary Map
- Hydrogen AI Use-Case Selection Matrix
- Sensor, Historian, and Maintenance Data Inventory
- Data Quality and Operating-Context Scorecard
- Value, Feasibility, Safety, and Criticality Screen

Day 2: Production Forecasting and Optimization

- Renewable Power and Hydrogen Demand Forecast Sheet
- Electrolyzer Performance and Degradation Dashboard
- Production Efficiency Feature Map
- Operating Envelope and Constraint Model
- Human-Reviewed Optimization Recommendation Flow

Day 3: Condition, Anomaly, and Integrity Analytics

- Equipment Condition Indicator Matrix
- Predictive Maintenance and Intervention Priority Board
- Hydrogen Anomaly and Leak Detection Logic
- Storage Inventory and Pressure Reconciliation Method
- Storage Integrity Evidence and Escalation Register

Day 4: Digital Twins and Deployment Assurance

- Hydrogen Digital Twin Purpose and Fidelity Canvas
- Sensor Placement and Dispersion Scenario Model
- Energy Integration and Flexibility Decision Map
- Industrial Data and Cybersecurity Boundary Checklist
- Pilot Validation, Fallback, and Human-Authority Gate

Day 5: Hydrogen AI Practice and Capstone

- Suggested Exercise: Screen a Hydrogen AI Use Case
- Suggested Exercise: Diagnose Production and Degradation Data
- Suggested Exercise: Evaluate an Anomaly and Storage Response
- Suggested Exercise: Test a Digital Twin and Assurance Plan
- Capstone Exercise: AI-Enabled Hydrogen Production and Storage Deployment Blueprint

Practical Exercises

The course uses suggested activities that convert hydrogen operating challenges into controlled AI-supported engineering decisions.

- Suggested activity: define system boundaries, data sources, operating context, candidate uses, safety constraints, and accountable owners
- Suggested activity: compare forecast, production, degradation, and optimization evidence against engineering limits
- Suggested activity: design anomaly, leak, storage reconciliation, integrity, and escalation logic
- Suggested activity: assemble digital-twin scope, cybersecurity boundaries, pilot measures, fallback controls, and deployment gates

FAQs

Who suits AI for hydrogen production and storage operations, and what does the course assume?

AI for hydrogen operations suits project, process, asset, storage, operations, and digital engineering personnel. The course assumes participants can interpret hydrogen process data and engineering constraints.

How does AI for hydrogen operations differ from general hydrogen strategy training?

Hydrogen operations AI focuses on production and storage data, forecasts, optimization, degradation, anomalies, integrity, digital twins, safeguards, and pilot evidence rather than market policy and investment strategy.

How can AI support electrolyzer performance and maintenance?

AI can organize operating data, identify degradation patterns, compare performance with operating context, forecast condition changes, and prioritize engineering review while operators retain decision authority.



How can a hydrogen digital twin support storage and safety decisions?

A hydrogen digital twin can connect sensor data, process behavior, inventory, pressure, dispersion scenarios, and defined assumptions to test placement, response, operating, and monitoring decisions.

What controls support responsible hydrogen AI deployment?

Responsible deployment requires defined intended use, validated data, engineering limits, accountable owners, cybersecurity boundaries, explainable recommendations, human authorization, fallback procedures, monitoring, and evidence-based scale decisions.

Conclusion

Participants take back an AI-Enabled Hydrogen Production and Storage Deployment Blueprint linking boundaries, data, forecasts, production, condition, anomalies, storage integrity, digital twins, safeguards, owners, and pilot evidence. It changes how engineering teams move from isolated analytics to controlled operating decisions. The blueprint supports validation, human authority, recovery planning, and staged deployment.