



Cost Accounting Audit and Internal Controls Training Course

29 March – 2 April 2027
Kuala Lumpur

Cost Accounting Audit and Internal Controls Training Course

Ref: 369_130284 **Date:** 29 March – 2 April 2027 **Location:** Kuala Lumpur **Fees:** 5200 Euro

Overview

Cost Accounting Audit and Internal Controls Training Course is a five-day course for cost accountants, management accountants, internal auditors, controllers, and assurance professionals who leave with a Cost Process Audit Toolkit. The course connects cost structures, source data, allocations, standard costs, variances, inventory, production costs, approvals, reconciliations, internal controls, audit evidence, findings, and corrective actions. Agile Leaders Training Center delivers this course on cost accounting audit and internal controls.

Who Should Attend

- Cost accounting functions responsible for cost records, allocations, and analysis
- Management accounting functions responsible for performance and decision information
- Internal audit functions responsible for cost-process assurance
- Financial control functions responsible for reconciliations and data integrity
- Operational assurance functions responsible for production and inventory controls

The course assumes participants work with accounting records, cost processes, controls, or assurance and leaves out introductory bookkeeping and general financial-statement audit procedures.

Departments and Industries

The course supports cost-process assurance across production, inventory, service, and project environments.

- Cost accounting, management accounting, finance, and controllership
- Internal audit, risk, compliance, and operational assurance
- Manufacturing and industrial operations
- Logistics, distribution, and inventory-intensive services
- Healthcare, hospitality, and shared-service organizations
- Construction, engineering, and project-based operations

Learning Objectives

By the end of this course, participants will be able to:



- Apply risk-based scoping to cost-accounting processes
- Build process maps and cost risk-control matrices
- Evaluate source data, access, approvals, and reconciliations
- Analyze allocation, standard-cost, and variance evidence
- Test inventory and production cost controls
- Build findings, corrective actions, and monitoring records

Course Agenda

Day 1: Cost Process Scope and Control Design

- Cost Accounting Process and Responsibility Map
- Cost Audit Universe and Scope Matrix
- Cost Risk and Control Assessment Grid
- Source-to-Report Data Traceability Map
- Segregation of Duties and Access-Control Checklist

Day 2: Cost Classification Allocation and Standards

- Cost Classification and Coding Test Sheet
- Direct and Indirect Cost Allocation Review
- Cost Driver and Allocation-Basis Validation Matrix
- Standard Cost Setup and Approval Checklist
- Cost Master Data Change-Control Log

Day 3: Variances Inventory and Production Costs

- Material Labor and Overhead Variance Analysis
- Variance Threshold and Investigation Protocol
- Inventory Quantity and Valuation Reconciliation
- Work-in-Process Cost Accumulation Test
- Production Order Close and Cost Transfer Checklist

Day 4: Evidence Findings and Corrective Action

- Cost Transaction Sampling and Evidence Record
- Reconciliation Exception and Root-Cause Matrix
- Condition Criteria Cause and Effect Finding Model
- Cost-Control Recommendation Evaluation Grid
- Corrective Action and Follow-Up Register



Day 5: Cost Audit Practice and Capstone

- Suggested Exercise: Scope and Risk-Control Review
- Suggested Exercise: Allocation and Standard-Cost Test
- Suggested Exercise: Variance and Inventory Reconciliation
- Suggested Exercise: Finding and Corrective-Action Review
- Capstone Exercise: Cost Process Audit Toolkit

Practical Exercises

The course uses suggested activities to connect cost records and controls with audit judgments and corrective action.

- Suggested activity: map risks, responsibilities, source data, approvals, and reconciliations for a manufacturing cost process.
- Suggested activity: test allocation bases and standard-cost approvals for a shared-service scenario.
- Suggested activity: investigate material, labor, and overhead variances and reconcile inventory and production records.
- Suggested activity: formulate cost-control findings, recommendations, owners, evidence references, and follow-up actions.

FAQs

Who suits cost accounting audit and internal controls, and what does the course assume?

Cost accounting audit and internal controls suit professionals who already work with accounting records, cost processes, operational controls, reconciliations, or assurance and need an intermediate testing approach.

How does cost accounting audit differ from introductory cost accounting?

Cost accounting audit tests the integrity, authorization, traceability, reconciliation, and control of cost information, while introductory cost accounting focuses on recording, classifying, allocating, and interpreting costs.

What evidence supports a cost accounting audit finding?

Cost accounting audit evidence can include source records, cost-center structures, allocation rules, approvals, standards, variance analyses, inventory counts, production orders, reconciliations, access logs, test results, and documented exceptions.



How are cost allocations audited?

Cost allocations are audited by testing the approved method, cost pools, drivers, source data, calculation logic, consistency, authorization, treatment of exceptions, reconciliation, and traceability into management reports.

How are cost variances linked to internal controls?

Cost variances indicate where assumptions, prices, usage, efficiency, volume, data, or approvals differ from expectations, helping auditors target control tests, investigate causes, and monitor corrective actions.

Conclusion

Participants leave with a Cost Process Audit Toolkit connecting scope, risks, controls, source data, allocations, standards, variances, inventory, evidence, findings, and follow-up. The toolkit changes disconnected checks into a traceable assurance process. It provides a working basis for testing cost integrity and managing corrective actions.