



White-Collar Crime and Financial Investigations Training Course

19 – 30 April 2027
Rome

White-Collar Crime and Financial Investigations Training Course

Ref: 482_138585 **Date:** 19 – 30 April 2027 **Location:** Rome **Fees:** 10000 Euro

Overview

White-Collar Crime and Financial Investigations Training Course is a ten-day intermediate course for investigators, compliance and risk professionals, internal auditors, security teams, legal support staff, and case managers who leave with a Corporate Financial Investigation Case File. Participants move from allegation intake and typology analysis through planning, evidence, financial records, transaction and asset tracing, interviews, digital coordination, analysis, reporting, and remediation. The course converts fragmented concerns into documented corporate investigations. Agile Leaders Training Center presents white-collar crime and financial investigations through controlled casework.

Who Should Attend

- Financial-crime functions responsible for assessing allegations and developing cases
- Compliance and risk functions responsible for suspected misconduct reviews
- Internal-audit functions responsible for evidence-based investigations
- Corporate-security functions responsible for coordinating sensitive inquiries
- Legal-support functions responsible for preserving records and reviewing findings
- Management functions responsible for case oversight and remediation decisions

The course assumes participants can review business records and workplace policies and leaves out law-enforcement powers, prosecution strategy, and jurisdiction-specific legal advice.

Departments and Industries

The course supports departments and industries that investigate suspected financial or occupational misconduct.

- Banking, insurance, investment, and payment-services functions
- Manufacturing, energy, construction, and logistics organizations
- Retail, technology, healthcare, and professional-services firms
- Compliance, internal audit, legal, risk, and corporate security departments
- Ethics, human resources, finance, and investigation teams

Learning Objectives

By the end of this course, participants will be able to:



- Apply allegation-triage and investigation-planning methods
- Analyze misconduct typologies, records, transactions, assets, and relationships
- Use evidence-preservation and interview-documentation controls
- Build timelines, link maps, and financial-flow analyses
- Evaluate findings against documented evidence and review criteria
- Produce investigation reports and remediation action plans

Course Agenda

Day 1: Allegations and White-Collar Crime

- Allegation Intake and Triage Form
- White-Collar Crime Typology Matrix
- Occupational Misconduct Indicator Catalogue
- Predication and Initial-Facts Assessment
- Case Acceptance Decision Record

Day 2: Investigation Planning and Boundaries

- Investigation Scope and Objectives Charter
- Legal and Ethical Boundary Checklist
- Conflict, Independence, and Confidentiality Register
- Investigation Workplan and Responsibility Matrix
- Case Communication and Escalation Protocol

Day 3: Evidence Preservation and Control

- Evidence Source Identification Map
- Document Preservation Notice Workflow
- Evidence Collection and Custody Log
- Authenticity and Reliability Assessment Grid
- Case File Access and Retention Controls

Day 4: Documents and Financial Records

- Document Review Coding Framework
- General Ledger and Journal Entry Test Plan
- Invoice, Payment, and Vendor Comparison Matrix
- Financial Statement Misconduct Indicator Sheet
- Record Exception and Follow-Up Register



Day 5: Transactions and Financial Flows

- Transaction Reconstruction Worksheet
- Source-and-Application-of-Funds Analysis
- Bank Activity Pattern Review Grid
- Related-Party Transaction Mapping Method
- Funds-Flow Diagram and Exception Notes

Day 6: Asset and Ownership Tracing

- Asset Identification and Verification Register
- Entity and Beneficial-Ownership Link Map
- Asset Movement Timeline Method
- Open-Source Record Research Plan
- Asset-Tracing Evidence Gap Matrix

Day 7: Investigation Interviews

- Witness and Subject Interview Strategy
- Interview Question Sequence Plan
- Evidence-Based Questioning Technique
- Interview Note and Statement Record
- Credibility and Corroboration Assessment

Day 8: Digital Evidence and Case Analysis

- Digital Evidence Coordination Request
- Electronic Record Review Protocol
- Event Timeline Reconstruction Board
- Relationship and Communication Link Chart
- Hypothesis and Alternative-Explanation Test

Day 9: Findings, Reporting, and Remediation

- Evidence-to-Allegation Findings Matrix
- Investigation Conclusion Review Test
- Investigation Report Structure and Style Guide
- Management Briefing and Case Closure Pack
- Control Remediation and Follow-Up Plan



Day 10: Financial Investigation Practice

- Suggested Exercise: Triage a Misconduct Allegation
- Suggested Exercise: Trace Transactions and Assets
- Suggested Exercise: Conduct and Document an Interview
- Suggested Exercise: Test Findings and Remediation Actions
- Capstone Exercise: Corporate Financial Investigation Case File

Practical Exercises

The course uses suggested activities to connect allegation evidence with controlled investigation decisions.

- Suggested activity: triage an allegation and build a scoped investigation plan with boundaries and evidence sources.
- Suggested activity: review documents, reconstruct transactions, and map ownership, assets, relationships, and timelines.
- Suggested activity: plan an interview, document responses, and test them against corroborating records.
- Suggested activity: assemble findings, conclusions, a case report, and remediation follow-up actions.

FAQs

What are white-collar crime and financial investigations?

White-collar crime and financial investigations examine suspected deception, abuse, concealment, or financial misconduct through structured planning, evidence collection, analysis, interviews, conclusions, and reporting.

Who suits white-collar crime and financial investigations training, and what does it assume?

Investigators, compliance, audit, risk, security, legal-support, and case-management teams suit the training. It assumes they can review business records and workplace policies.

How do financial investigations differ from fraud risk management training?

Financial investigations address specific allegations and evidence to reach documented findings. Fraud risk management training focuses on organization-wide risk assessment, prevention controls, monitoring, and response design.

How is evidence organized in a corporate financial investigation?

Evidence is organized through source maps, preservation records, custody logs, review codes, transaction schedules, timelines, link charts, interview records, and findings matrices.



How are financial investigation findings made defensible?

Findings become defensible when they are traced to reliable evidence, tested against alternative explanations, reviewed for consistency, stated without unsupported conclusions, and recorded in a clear case report.

Conclusion

Participants take back a Corporate Financial Investigation Case File linking allegations, plans, boundaries, evidence, records, transactions, assets, interviews, analysis, findings, and remediation. It changes fragmented concerns into controlled and reviewable casework. The file gives investigation and oversight teams a shared basis for decisions, reporting, closure, and follow-up.