



Building and Bridge Engineering Materials Course

28 February – 11 March 2027
Tashkent

Building and Bridge Engineering Materials Course

Ref: 530_141442 **Date:** 28 February – 11 March 2027 **Location:** Tashkent **Fees:** 15000 Euro

Overview

Building and Bridge Engineering Materials Course is a ten-day intermediate course for civil, structural, materials, and bridge engineers, architects, specification teams, consultants, contractors, and asset owners who leave with a Materials Selection and Acceptance Pack. Participants compare material properties, specify performance, review submittals, plan inspection and testing, assess durability, control nonconformance, and make lifecycle decisions for buildings and bridges. Agile Leaders Training Center connects engineering materials with traceable acceptance decisions.

Who Should Attend

- Teams responsible for selecting and specifying materials for buildings and bridges
- Functions that review material submittals, samples, test results, and acceptance evidence
- Personnel who inspect production, delivery, storage, installation, and workmanship
- Advisers who assess durability, deterioration, and lifecycle performance
- Asset representatives who approve materials and manage technical risk

The course assumes participants can interpret drawings and technical specifications, and it leaves out structural member design, specialist repair design, welding qualification, and laboratory technician certification.

Departments and Industries

The course supports departments that select, control, and maintain construction materials.

- Buildings, bridges, highways, rail, and civil infrastructure
- Engineering design, architecture, and technical assurance
- Construction quality, site inspection, and materials laboratories
- Procurement, supplier quality, and specification management
- Asset management, maintenance, and owner engineering

Learning Objectives

By the end of this course, participants will be able to:



- Analyze material properties against service and exposure demands
- Compare concrete, metals, masonry, timber, asphalt, polymers, and composites
- Build material specifications, submittal registers, and acceptance criteria
- Apply inspection, sampling, testing, and traceability controls
- Diagnose deterioration and prioritize preventive responses
- Evaluate lifecycle, sustainability, and nonconformance decisions

Course Agenda

Day 1: Material Selection Foundations

- Structure-Property-Processing-Performance Selection Framework
- Building and Bridge Exposure Classification Matrix
- Mechanical, Physical, Thermal, and Chemical Property Map
- Material Compatibility and Interface Risk Checklist
- Performance Specification and Acceptance-Criteria Template

Day 2: Concrete Constituents and Production

- Cementitious Materials and Hydration Decision Map
- Aggregate Grading, Shape, Cleanliness, and Reactivity Review
- Water, Admixture, and Mixture-Proportioning Control Sheet
- Batching, Transport, Placement, Compaction, and Curing Plan
- Fresh Concrete Sampling and Test Result Register

Day 3: Concrete Durability and Acceptance

- Exposure Mechanism and Transport Pathway Assessment
- Permeability, Chloride, Sulfate, Carbonation, and Corrosion Risk Map
- Freeze-Thaw, Abrasion, Chemical Attack, and Cracking Checklist
- Strength, Variability, Maturity, and Acceptance Review Method
- Concrete Durability Specification and Evidence File

Day 4: Reinforcing and Structural Steel

- Steel Grade, Strength, Toughness, and Ductility Comparison
- Reinforcement Identification, Storage, Placement, and Traceability Log
- Structural Steel Mill Certificate and Material Verification Checklist
- Bolting, Welding, Fabrication, and Coating Inspection Plan
- Corrosion Mechanism and Protective-System Selection Matrix



Day 5: Masonry, Timber, and Envelope Materials

- Masonry Unit, Mortar, Grout, and Reinforcement Selection Table
- Masonry Sampling, Workmanship, and Acceptance Checklist
- Timber Species, Grade, Moisture, and Treatment Decision Sheet
- Timber Connection, Fire, Decay, and Insect Risk Register
- Envelope Sealant, Membrane, Insulation, and Compatibility Review

Day 6: Asphalt and Bridge-Deck Materials

- Asphalt Binder, Aggregate, and Mixture Selection Framework
- Temperature, Compaction, Density, and Ride Acceptance Plan
- Bridge-Deck Concrete, Overlay, and Waterproofing System Matrix
- Expansion Joint, Bearing, and Drainage Material Checklist
- Traffic, Fatigue, Moisture, and Thermal Performance Review

Day 7: Polymers, Composites, and Protective Systems

- Polymer, Adhesive, Sealant, and Resin Compatibility Matrix
- Fiber-Reinforced Composite Property and Application Review
- Composite Handling, Installation, Cure, and Quality Checklist
- Coating, Galvanizing, Membrane, and Cathodic Protection Comparison
- Fire, Ultraviolet, Moisture, and Chemical Exposure Screening

Day 8: Submittals, Inspection, and Testing

- Material Submittal Register and Technical Review Workflow
- Inspection and Test Plan with Hold and Witness Points
- Sampling Plan, Chain-of-Custody Record, and Laboratory Scope
- Test Method Selection and Result Interpretation Sheet
- Product Traceability, Storage, Preservation, and Release Log

Day 9: Nonconformance and Lifecycle Decisions

- Material Nonconformance Report and Disposition Workflow
- Root Cause Analysis and Corrective Action Record
- Deterioration Indicator and Condition-Assessment Matrix
- Lifecycle Cost, Service Life, and Maintenance Tradeoff Model
- Embodied Impact, Reuse, Recycled Content, and Procurement Scorecard



Day 10: Materials Decision Practice and Capstone

- Exercise: Select Materials for Exposure and Service Conditions
- Exercise: Review a Concrete and Steel Submittal Package
- Exercise: Build an Inspection, Sampling, and Testing Plan
- Exercise: Resolve a Material Nonconformance and Durability Risk
- Capstone Exercise: Materials Selection and Acceptance Pack

Practical Exercises

The course uses suggested activities to connect material behavior with project acceptance decisions.

- Suggested activity: compare candidate materials against loads, exposure, interfaces, service life, maintenance, and evidence requirements.
- Suggested activity: review supplier data, certificates, samples, test methods, inspection points, and acceptance thresholds.
- Suggested activity: diagnose a deterioration pattern and document containment, investigation, disposition, and preventive action.
- Suggested activity: assemble the selection and acceptance pack for a building and bridge scenario.

FAQs

Who suits the Building and Bridge Engineering Materials Course?

It suits professionals who select, specify, inspect, test, accept, or maintain construction materials and assumes working familiarity with drawings and technical specifications.

How does engineering materials training differ from structural design training?

Engineering materials training focuses on properties, durability, specification, quality controls, testing evidence, acceptance, and lifecycle behavior rather than calculating structural member resistance and detailing.

Which materials are compared for buildings and bridges?

The course compares concrete constituents, reinforcing and structural steel, masonry, timber, asphalt, deck systems, polymers, composites, coatings, membranes, sealants, and other protective materials.

How are construction materials accepted on a project?

Acceptance uses approved specifications, submittals, certificates, samples, inspection and test plans, traceability, valid test results, workmanship checks, and documented disposition of deviations.



How does durability influence material selection?

Durability links exposure, transport mechanisms, deterioration risks, protection, inspection access, maintenance demand, service life, and lifecycle consequences to the material decision.

Conclusion

Participants take back a Materials Selection and Acceptance Pack containing comparison matrices, specifications, submittal controls, inspection and test plans, traceability records, acceptance reviews, and lifecycle decisions. The pack makes material evidence and approval logic visible across project teams. It supports defensible choices without replacing project-specific design or laboratory judgment.