



STAAD.Pro Foundations for Structural Modeling and Analysis Course

16 – 20 November 2026
Tokyo

STAAD.Pro Foundations for Structural Modeling and Analysis Course

Ref: 539_142004 **Date:** 16 – 20 November 2026 **Location:** Tokyo **Fees:** 12000 Euro

Overview

STAAD.Pro Foundations for Structural Modeling and Analysis Course is a five-day foundation course for civil and structural engineers, graduate engineers, design technicians, BIM and CAD coordinators, and project professionals who leave with a checked small structural model and analysis report. Participants practice STAAD.Pro structural modeling, structural analysis, load cases and combinations, model validation, steel and concrete design checks, and analysis results interpretation. Agile Leaders Training Center presents practical STAAD.Pro workflows for dependable model setup and review.

Who Should Attend

- Teams responsible for preparing structural analysis models and input data
- Personnel who define geometry, supports, materials, sections, and loading
- Functions that review model warnings, stability, and analysis results
- Staff who coordinate analytical models with BIM and CAD deliverables
- Project professionals who interpret structural calculations and reports

The course assumes participants can read basic structural drawings and load information, and it leaves out advanced finite element analysis, nonlinear methods, BIM authoring, and detailed design theory.

Departments and Industries

The course supports departments and industries that create, coordinate, check, or use structural analysis models.

- Building design, architecture, and engineering consultancies
- Industrial plants, energy facilities, and utility projects
- Transport infrastructure, bridges, and public works
- Structural engineering, design assurance, and technical offices
- BIM coordination, CAD production, and project delivery

Learning Objectives

By the end of this course, participants will be able to:



- Build structural geometry with nodes and members
- Apply supports, materials, sections, releases, and offsets
- Use load cases and combinations for basic analysis
- Diagnose warnings, instability, and modeling errors
- Analyze displacements, reactions, and member forces
- Evaluate basic steel and concrete design outputs

Course Agenda

Day 1: Project Setup and Geometry

- STAAD.Pro Interface and Project Setup Checklist
- Unit System and Coordinate Convention Map
- Node and Member Creation Workflow
- Structural Grid and Geometry Editing Tools
- Small Frame Model Baseline File

Day 2: Properties and Boundary Conditions

- Material Constant Assignment Table
- Section Property Selection Method
- Support Condition Definition Matrix
- Member Release and End Condition Register
- Member Offset and Connectivity Review

Day 3: Loading and Analysis Control

- Primary Load Case Definition Sheet
- Dead and Imposed Load Assignment Tools
- Load Combination Construction Method
- Analysis Command Sequence Checklist
- Model Validation and Instability Diagnostic Log

Day 4: Results and Design Checks

- Nodal Displacement and Support Reaction Review
- Member Force and Moment Diagram Interpretation
- Analysis Warning Resolution Method
- Basic Steel Design Parameter Workflow
- Basic Concrete Design Output Review



Day 5: Model Review and Capstone Practice

- Exercise: Repair a Geometry and Connectivity Error Log
- Exercise: Configure Supports, Properties, Releases, and Offsets
- Exercise: Build and Check Load Combinations
- Exercise: Interpret Displacements, Reactions, and Member Forces
- Capstone Exercise: Checked Structural Model and Analysis Report

Practical Exercises

The course uses suggested activities to convert structural inputs into a checked STAAD.Pro model and traceable results.

- Suggested activity: create nodes, members, materials, sections, supports, releases, and offsets for a small framed structure.
- Suggested activity: define primary load cases, assign loads, build combinations, and run the analysis command sequence.
- Suggested activity: diagnose instability and warning messages using geometry, connectivity, and boundary-condition checks.
- Suggested activity: assemble model views, displacement and force results, elementary design outputs, and review notes into an analysis report.

FAQs

Who suits the STAAD.Pro structural modeling course and what does it assume?

It suits engineers, technicians, coordinators, and project professionals beginning STAAD.Pro work and assumes they can interpret basic structural drawings, member behavior, and load information.

How does STAAD.Pro foundation training differ from advanced finite element analysis?

STAAD.Pro foundation training develops reliable frame-model setup, loading, analysis, checking, and result interpretation, while advanced finite element analysis addresses more complex element behavior, nonlinear response, and specialist solution methods.

How are load cases and combinations organized in STAAD.Pro?

Load cases represent individual loading conditions, while combinations bring selected cases together using defined factors for analysis or design checks. Clear naming and assignment checks help keep the model traceable.



How are STAAD.Pro instability warnings investigated?

STAAD.Pro instability warnings are investigated by checking connectivity, support restraints, releases, member properties, duplicate geometry, load paths, and the affected degrees of freedom before accepting any results.

Which STAAD.Pro analysis results should beginners review first?

Beginners should review warnings, deformed shape, nodal displacements, support reactions, member forces, and force diagrams, then compare those outputs with expected structural behavior and the model assumptions.

Conclusion

Participants take back a Checked Structural Model and Analysis Report containing model assumptions, geometry, properties, supports, loading, validation notes, results, and elementary design outputs. The work product makes model review more traceable and supports clearer coordination between engineering and delivery teams. It establishes a repeatable foundation for later discipline-specific analysis and design development.