



Municipal Construction Inspection Practice Course

4 – 8 October 2027
Seoul

Municipal Construction Inspection Practice Course

Ref: 542_142203 **Date:** 4 – 8 October 2027 **Location:** Seoul **Fees:** 12000 Euro

Overview

Municipal Construction Inspection Practice Course is a five-day intermediate course for municipal inspectors, site engineers, public works supervisors, quality personnel, and consultants who leave with a Municipal Inspection Plan. Participants apply municipal construction inspection methods to drawings, earthworks, utilities, drainage, pavements, concrete, testing, public interfaces, records, acceptance, and handover. The course connects field observations with traceable decisions and payment evidence. Agile Leaders Training Center presents municipal inspection as disciplined public-works oversight.

Who Should Attend

- Teams responsible for inspecting municipal infrastructure construction in the field
- Personnel who verify work against drawings, specifications, and approved changes
- Functions that coordinate materials sampling, testing, and acceptance evidence
- Staff who document progress, quantities, nonconformance, and corrective action
- Advisers who oversee roads, utilities, drainage, concrete, and public interfaces

The course assumes participants can read construction drawings and record site observations, and it leaves out building-code enforcement, detailed design, laboratory certification, and contract claims practice.

Departments and Industries

The course supports departments and industries that deliver, supervise, inspect, or maintain local infrastructure assets.

- Municipal engineering, public works, and infrastructure delivery
- Roads, transport corridors, and pavement maintenance
- Water, wastewater, storm drainage, and utility networks
- Construction supervision, consulting, and project controls
- Quality, materials testing, environmental, and safety functions

Learning Objectives

By the end of this course, participants will be able to:



- Apply inspector authority, ethics, and communication boundaries
- Analyze drawings, specifications, submittals, and preconstruction controls
- Evaluate field work and materials against acceptance evidence
- Diagnose nonconformance and prioritize corrective follow-up
- Use daily records, quantity measurements, and payment evidence
- Build a municipal inspection and handover plan

Course Agenda

Day 1: Inspection Mandate and Preparation

- Inspector Authority and Ethics Boundary Map
- Drawing and Specification Review Method
- Approved Change and Submittal Register
- Preconstruction Risk and Hold-Point Plan
- Stakeholder Communication and Escalation Matrix

Day 2: Groundworks and Utility Networks

- Earthwork Layer and Compaction Inspection Checklist
- Trench Safety and Excavation Interface Review
- Utility Alignment, Bedding, and Backfill Verification Sheet
- Storm Drainage Installation Inspection Route
- Survey Control and As-Built Evidence Log

Day 3: Roads, Pavements, and Structural Work

- Subgrade and Base-Course Acceptance Matrix
- Asphalt Placement and Surface Condition Checklist
- Concrete Reinforcement and Formwork Inspection Record
- Concrete Placement, Sampling, and Curing Log
- Traffic Control and Public Access Interface Review

Day 4: Evidence, Nonconformance, and Handover

- Material Sampling and Test Traceability Register
- Daily Inspection Report Evidence Standard
- Nonconformance and Corrective Action Workflow
- Quantity Measurement and Payment Evidence Sheet
- Completion, Defect, and Handover Readiness Checklist



Day 5: Municipal Inspection Practice

- Exercise: Review a Preconstruction Inspection File
- Exercise: Inspect a Utility and Drainage Scenario
- Exercise: Evaluate Pavement and Concrete Evidence
- Exercise: Resolve a Nonconformance and Payment Record
- Capstone Exercise: Municipal Inspection Plan

Practical Exercises

The course uses suggested activities to turn site evidence into consistent municipal inspection decisions.

- Suggested activity: mark inspection points, risks, submittals, and approved changes on a preconstruction review pack.
- Suggested activity: assess earthworks, utility, drainage, pavement, and concrete evidence against project requirements.
- Suggested activity: prepare a daily report, nonconformance record, corrective follow-up, and quantity measurement sheet.
- Suggested activity: assemble inspection routes, hold points, records, acceptance criteria, and handover checks into a Municipal Inspection Plan.

FAQs

Who suits the municipal construction inspection course and what does it assume?

It suits personnel who inspect or supervise local infrastructure works and assumes they can read drawings, follow project specifications, observe field activities, and prepare basic site records.

How does municipal construction inspection differ from general construction quality management?

Municipal construction inspection focuses on field verification, public-works interfaces, quantities, records, acceptance, and handover, while general quality management addresses wider organizational systems, assurance planning, audits, and performance governance.

What records support municipal construction inspection decisions?

Inspection decisions rely on approved drawings, specifications, submittals, change records, test results, photographs, daily reports, quantity measurements, nonconformance records, corrective evidence, and handover documentation.



How are road and utility interfaces handled during municipal construction inspection?

Road and utility interfaces are handled by checking sequencing, survey control, excavation boundaries, bedding and backfill, drainage continuity, pavement restoration, traffic control, public access, and traceable approvals.

How should municipal inspectors respond to nonconforming work?

Municipal inspectors should document objective evidence, identify the affected requirement, protect related work, route the issue through the approved workflow, verify corrective action, and preserve the decision record.

Conclusion

Participants take back a Municipal Inspection Plan that defines inspection routes, hold points, evidence requirements, reporting, escalation, measurement, acceptance, and handover checks. It turns field observations into traceable decisions across municipal infrastructure work. The plan supports consistent oversight without replacing project-specific engineering judgment or contractual authority.