



Integrated Programme Product Delivery Training Course

9 – 13 August 2027
Tbilisi

Integrated Programme Product Delivery Training Course

Ref: 630_148340 **Date:** 9 – 13 August 2027 **Location:** Tbilisi **Fees:** 5000 Euro

Overview

Integrated Programme Product Delivery Training Course is a five-day professional course for programme and workstream functions who leave with an Integrated Programme Product Delivery File. Participants structure products, connect dependencies and interfaces, build integrated plans, define acceptance criteria, control configuration and change, govern workstreams, assure readiness, forecast delivery, and coordinate transition and handover. The course addresses fragmented delivery through product-based integration controls. Agile Leaders Training Center presents integrated programme product delivery as a coordinated delivery discipline.

Who Should Attend

- Programme functions responsible for product integration, governance, assurance, and delivery decisions
- Project functions responsible for work packages, milestones, dependencies, and product evidence
- Product delivery functions responsible for definitions, interfaces, acceptance, and handover
- Programme office functions responsible for integrated plans, controls, forecasts, and reporting
- Workstream functions responsible for cross-team coordination, configuration, and change
- Business change and sponsor functions responsible for transition readiness and acceptance authority

The course assumes participants coordinate several related delivery streams at work, and it leaves out portfolio selection, programme-office design, single-project fundamentals, and certification preparation.

Departments and Industries

The course supports departments and industries delivering related products through coordinated programmes.

- Programme management, project management, product delivery, and programme offices
- Business change, operations, quality, engineering, and assurance
- Technology, telecommunications, financial services, and professional services
- Construction, transport, utilities, manufacturing, and energy
- Healthcare, education, facilities, and public administration

Learning Objectives

By the end of this course, participants will be able to:



- Build programme product and workstream architecture
- Analyze dependencies, interfaces, and milestone constraints
- Apply acceptance, configuration, and change controls
- Use integrated plans and delivery forecasts
- Evaluate assurance evidence and transition readiness
- Build coordinated product handover records

Course Agenda

Day 1: Programme Products and Architecture

- Programme Product Breakdown Structure
- Product Description and Ownership Card
- Workstream Architecture Map
- Product-to-Outcome Traceability Matrix
- Programme Delivery Governance Charter

Day 2: Dependencies, Interfaces and Planning

- Cross-Workstream Dependency Register
- Product Interface Agreement
- Integrated Milestone Plan
- Constraint and Assumption Control Log
- Programme Critical-Path Review Board

Day 3: Acceptance, Configuration and Change

- Product Acceptance Criteria Matrix
- Acceptance Evidence Schedule
- Programme Configuration Baseline
- Cross-Product Change Impact Assessment
- Configuration and Change Decision Log

Day 4: Assurance, Forecasting and Transition

- Programme Product Assurance Map
- Delivery Confidence Forecast
- Workstream Exception and Escalation Route
- Transition Readiness Review
- Product Handover and Custody Record



Day 5: Integrated Delivery Practice

- Exercise: Build Product and Workstream Architecture
- Exercise: Connect Dependencies, Interfaces and Milestones
- Exercise: Test Acceptance and Change Controls
- Exercise: Evaluate Forecast and Transition Readiness
- Capstone Exercise: Integrated Programme Product Delivery File

Practical Exercises

The course uses suggested activities to apply integrated programme product delivery controls in different settings.

- Suggested activity: decompose a technology programme into products, owners, workstreams, and outcomes.
- Suggested activity: map interfaces, dependencies, and milestones for a transport modernization programme.
- Suggested activity: test acceptance evidence and change effects across healthcare workstreams.
- Suggested activity: assess transition readiness and prepare handover records for a utilities programme.

FAQs

Who suits integrated programme product delivery training, and what does it assume?

It suits programme, project, product delivery, programme-office, workstream, business change, and sponsor functions and assumes participants coordinate several related delivery streams.

How does integrated programme product delivery differ from portfolio management?

Integrated programme product delivery coordinates products, dependencies, interfaces, acceptance, change, assurance, transition, and handover within a programme, while portfolio management selects and balances investments across initiatives.

What belongs in a programme product breakdown structure?

A programme product breakdown structure identifies required products, boundaries, ownership, contributing workstreams, component relationships, interfaces, acceptance points, configuration references, and handover destinations.



How are programme product dependencies controlled?

Programme product dependencies are controlled through named providers and receivers, interface conditions, required dates, evidence, milestones, assumptions, change routes, escalation points, and integrated-plan updates.

What supports programme product acceptance and handover?

Programme product acceptance and handover use defined criteria, assigned authority, configuration status, test evidence, unresolved exceptions, readiness decisions, transition ownership, custody records, and confirmed receiving arrangements.

Conclusion

Participants leave with an Integrated Programme Product Delivery File containing product architecture, ownership cards, dependency and interface records, an integrated plan, acceptance criteria, configuration controls, assurance evidence, forecasts, transition reviews, and handover records. The file replaces disconnected workstream reporting with traceable integration decisions. It connects every product to its owner, dependencies, evidence, acceptance, and receiving destination.