



Financial Regulatory Obligations and Controls Training Course

18 – 22 April 2027
Geneva



AGILE LEADERS
Training Center

Financial Regulatory Obligations and Controls Training Course

Ref: 1214_189657 **Date:** 18 – 22 April 2027 **Location:** Geneva **Fees:** 6200 Euro

Overview

Financial Regulatory Obligations and Controls Training Course is a one-week course for finance leaders, compliance officers, controllers, risk managers, internal auditors, and governance professionals who leave with a Financial Regulatory Obligations and Controls File. The course connects obligation mapping and policy interpretation with control design, evidence, monitoring, exceptions, regulatory change, reporting, assurance, and remediation. Participants apply these practices without covering technical accounting standards, tax rules, AML-only requirements, or introductory compliance. Agile Leaders Training Center presents financial regulatory obligations and controls practice.

Who Should Attend

- Finance functions responsible for translating external requirements into operating procedures
- Compliance functions responsible for obligation ownership, advice, monitoring, and reporting
- Control functions responsible for design evidence and exception management
- Risk functions responsible for evaluating exposure from unmet requirements
- Internal audit functions responsible for independent review of compliance arrangements
- Governance functions responsible for oversight, escalation, and remediation

The course assumes participants interpret requirements, own financial controls, monitor compliance, or review evidence and leaves out technical accounting rules, tax advice, AML-only requirements, and compliance fundamentals.

Departments and Industries

The course supports financial regulatory obligations and controls across:

- Finance, compliance, risk, internal control, audit, and governance departments
- Banking, insurance, payment, and investment-service organizations
- Retail, telecommunications, technology, and digital-platform businesses
- Energy, logistics, manufacturing, and construction groups
- Healthcare, education, nonprofit, and professional-service organizations

Learning Objectives

By the end of this course, participants will be able to:



- Build obligation registers and applicability decisions for financial operations
- Analyze financial requirements and assign accountable owners
- Evaluate control design, evidence, and operating coverage
- Use risk-based monitoring and exception-management tools
- Prioritize regulatory change and remediation actions
- Build a Financial Regulatory Obligations and Controls File

Course Agenda

Day 1: Obligations and Compliance Risk

- Financial Regulatory Perimeter Map
- Obligation Source and Owner Register
- Applicability Decision Matrix
- Requirement Interpretation Record
- Compliance Risk Assessment Method

Day 2: Policy, Controls, and Evidence

- Policy Requirement Crosswalk
- Obligations-to-Controls Traceability Matrix
- Control Design and Responsibility Map
- Evidence Catalogue and Retention Index
- Exception Approval and Compensating Control Form

Day 3: Monitoring, Escalation, and Reporting

- Risk-Based Compliance Monitoring Plan
- Financial Process Compliance Test Sheet
- Breach and Exception Classification Log
- Issue Escalation Decision Tree
- Management Compliance Reporting Pack

Day 4: Change, Assurance, and Remediation

- Regulatory Change Intake Register
- Change Impact Assessment Matrix
- Implementation Readiness Tracker
- Compliance Assurance Review Plan
- Remediation Ownership and Closure Validation Record



Day 5: Obligations and Controls Practice

- Exercise: Map Obligations and Applicability
- Exercise: Link Policies, Controls, and Evidence
- Exercise: Design Monitoring and Escalation Tests
- Exercise: Assess Change and Validate Remediation
- Capstone Exercise: Financial Regulatory Obligations and Controls File

Practical Exercises

The course uses suggested activities to practice financial regulatory obligations and controls:

- Suggested activity: map payment-service requirements to owners and controls
- Suggested activity: test evidence and classify an exception in a retail finance process
- Suggested activity: assess a requirement change across an insurance product and reporting path
- Suggested activity: present a compliance report and validate remediation in an industrial group

FAQs

Who does financial regulatory obligations and controls training suit, and what does it assume?

Financial regulatory obligations and controls training suits finance, compliance, control, risk, audit, and governance functions that interpret requirements, operate controls, monitor compliance, or review evidence.

How do financial regulatory obligations and controls differ from introductory compliance training?

Financial regulatory obligations and controls apply registers, control mapping, evidence, monitoring, change, assurance, and remediation, while introductory compliance training explains basic roles, conduct, and policies.

How should financial regulatory obligations be documented?

Financial regulatory obligations should be documented with source, requirement, applicability, affected process, accountable owner, control, evidence, monitoring method, reporting route, and review trigger.

What evidence demonstrates financial regulatory control operation?

Financial regulatory control evidence includes approved policies, assigned ownership, completed records, system outputs, reconciliations, monitoring tests, exception decisions, reports, and verified corrective actions.



How should financial regulatory changes be implemented?

Financial regulatory changes should move through intake, interpretation, applicability review, impact assessment, ownership assignment, control updates, evidence requirements, testing, communication, readiness checks, and closure verification.

Conclusion

Participants take back a Financial Regulatory Obligations and Controls File containing obligation registers, applicability decisions, policy crosswalks, control maps, evidence catalogues, monitoring plans, exception logs, change assessments, reports, and remediation records. The file changes scattered requirements into an owned and testable compliance structure. It supports traceability, timely escalation, accountable implementation, and verified closure.