Advanced Aerial Surveillance Operations Training Course

7 – 11 March 2027
Chicago

AGILE LEADERS
Training Center

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Overview

Advanced Aerial Surveillance Operations Training Course is a one-week course for surveillance planners, unmanned aircraft program managers, intelligence analysts, emergency-response coordinators, and mission supervisors who leave with an Aerial Surveillance Mission Assurance Dossier. Participants connect aerial surveillance operations, UAS mission planning, sensor payload selection, coverage planning, operational risk assessment, geospatial analysis, privacy controls, and after-action review. The course solves fragmented mission decisions through traceable planning and governance. Agile Leaders Training Center presents aerial surveillance mission assurance as disciplined operational work.

Who Should Attend

- Security operations functions responsible for surveillance objectives, authorization, and oversight
- Aerial planning functions responsible for mission geometry, coverage, and operating constraints
- Unmanned aircraft functions responsible for platform readiness, crews, and contingencies
- Intelligence functions responsible for collection requirements, geospatial analysis, and reporting
- Emergency-response functions responsible for time-sensitive situational awareness and coordination
- Mission assurance functions responsible for risk controls, performance measures, and review

The course assumes participants already support aviation, surveillance, intelligence, emergency operations, or mission governance and leaves out basic piloting instruction, tactical targeting, legal advice, and regulator-specific authorization procedures.

Departments and Industries

The course supports departments and industries that plan, operate, govern, or use aerial observation missions.

- Aviation, unmanned aircraft, and flight-operations departments
- Security operations, intelligence, and critical-infrastructure functions
- Emergency management, civil protection, and humanitarian-response organizations
- Utilities, energy, transport, and environmental-monitoring organizations
- Geospatial, mapping, inspection, and asset-management services
- Risk, privacy, compliance, and information-governance functions

Learning Objectives

By the end of this course, participants will be able to:

- Build a mission concept aligned with surveillance objectives and constraints
- Compare platforms, payloads, sensors, and coverage patterns
- Apply air and ground operational risk controls
- Use collection, provenance, and geospatial-analysis methods
- Evaluate privacy, access, retention, and incident-response controls
- Build performance measures and an after-action improvement cycle

Course Agenda

Day 1: Mission Definition and Governance

- Surveillance Objective and Decision-Use Canvas
- Concept of Operations Mission Boundary Map
- Area-of-Interest and Stakeholder Requirement Matrix
- Mission Authority and Responsibility Assignment Chart
- Privacy Impact and Data-Minimization Screen

Day 2: Platform, Sensor, and Coverage Design

- Platform Capability and Operating-Constraint Matrix
- Sensor Payload Selection Decision Model
- Ground Sampling and Observation-Quality Method
- Coverage Geometry and Flight-Pattern Planning Grid
- Communications, Navigation, and Data-Link Dependency Map

Day 3: Operational Risk and Mission Control

- SORA-Informed Air and Ground Risk Assessment
- VLOS and BVLOS Operating-Condition Decision Guide
- Crew Role, Competence, and Handover Checklist
- Contingency, Emergency, and Lost-Link Response Plan
- Mission Go, Modify, or Stop Decision Gate

Day 4: Collection, Analysis, and Assurance

- Collection Requirement and Sensor Tasking Sheet
- Data Provenance and Chain-of-Custody Register
- Geospatial Corroboration and Confidence Assessment Method
- Access, Retention, and Disclosure Control Matrix
- Mission KPI and Collection-Quality Dashboard

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Day 5: Aerial Surveillance Mission Practice

- Exercise: Convert an Operational Need into a Mission Concept
- Exercise: Select a Platform, Payload, and Coverage Pattern
- Exercise: Test Risk, Contingency, and Stop Decisions
- Exercise: Validate Collection Quality and Privacy Controls
- Capstone Exercise: Aerial Surveillance Mission Assurance Dossier

Practical Exercises

The course uses suggested activities drawn from emergency response, infrastructure inspection, environmental monitoring, and security operations.

- Suggested activity: translate a decision need into objectives, an area of interest, collection requirements, roles, and mission boundaries.
- Suggested activity: compare platform and sensor options, design coverage, and document operating dependencies and constraints.
- Suggested activity: reconcile risk controls, contingencies, collection quality, privacy safeguards, and stop criteria in a mission review.
- Suggested activity: assemble the concept, plans, registers, dashboard, and after-action record in the capstone dossier.

FAQs

Who suits advanced aerial surveillance operations training, and what does it assume?

Advanced aerial surveillance operations training suits professionals who already support aviation, security, intelligence, emergency response, geospatial work, or mission governance and need to integrate planning, risk, data, privacy, and performance decisions.

How does aerial surveillance operations training differ from basic drone pilot training?

Aerial surveillance operations training focuses on mission objectives, platform and payload choices, coverage, governance, collection quality, analysis, privacy, and assurance rather than basic aircraft handling or introductory flight skills.

How is an aerial surveillance coverage plan built?

An aerial surveillance coverage plan starts with the area of interest, decision need, required observation quality, platform endurance, sensor geometry, airspace constraints, environmental conditions, communications, overlap, contingencies, and criteria for acceptable collection.

How are privacy risks managed in aerial surveillance operations?

Privacy risks are managed by defining a lawful purpose, minimizing collection, controlling access, setting retention and disclosure rules, recording decisions, handling incidents, and reviewing whether mission outputs remain necessary and proportionate.

How should aerial surveillance mission performance be reviewed?

Aerial surveillance mission performance should compare coverage, collection quality, decision usefulness, safety events, privacy controls, resource use, and unresolved gaps, then convert findings into owned actions and a traceable after-action record.

Conclusion

The course connects mission purpose, platform and sensor choices, coverage, risk, collection, analysis, privacy, performance, and learning. Participants take back an Aerial Surveillance Mission Assurance Dossier. The dossier changes mission work by making objectives, controls, evidence, decisions, measures, and improvement actions visible to operational and governance teams.