

Large Steam Turbine Components and Operations Training Course

11 – 15 January 2027
Tbilisi

AGILE LEADERS
Training Center

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Ref: 2070_251790 **Date:** 11 – 15 January 2027 **Location:** Tbilisi **Fees:** 5700 Euro

Overview

Large Steam Turbine Components and Operations Training Course is a one-week course for steam turbine operators, power plant technicians, maintenance personnel, and junior engineers who leave with a Steam Turbine Operating Control Pack. Participants connect turbine construction, steam-path behavior, support systems, operating sequences, limits, alarms, trips, and first-line fault response. The course turns equipment knowledge into controlled operating decisions for large utility and industrial units. Agile Leaders Training Center develops practical large steam turbine operations capability.

Who Should Attend

- Operations functions responsible for turbine start-up, synchronization, loading, monitoring, shutdown, and shift records
- Mechanical functions responsible for turbine components, auxiliaries, inspection findings, and equipment readiness
- Control functions responsible for indications, permissives, interlocks, alarms, trips, and operator interfaces
- Technical functions responsible for operating procedures, limits, performance observations, and event review
- Reliability functions responsible for early fault recognition, escalation, and operations-maintenance coordination

The course assumes participants can read plant diagrams, operating procedures, trends, and shift logs, and it leaves overhaul execution, advanced vibration diagnosis, live governor tuning, and equipment-specific authorization outside scope.

Departments and Industries

The course supports departments and industries that operate or support large steam turbine-generator units.

- Power generation operations, mechanical maintenance, and technical services
- Utility, cogeneration, district-energy, and captive-power facilities
- Oil, gas, refining, petrochemical, and process-industry utilities
- Desalination, metals, pulp and paper, and large manufacturing plants
- Commissioning, reliability, engineering support, and operational assurance teams

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Learning Objectives

By the end of this course, participants will be able to:

- Map large steam turbine casings, rotors, steam paths, bearings, seals, and valves.
- Explain lubrication, turning-gear, gland-steam, condenser, drain, and control-system interfaces.
- Apply start-up, warm-up, synchronization, loading, unloading, and shutdown decision checks.
- Monitor temperatures, pressures, expansion, vibration, eccentricity, vacuum, speed, and load.
- Interpret permissives, operating limits, alarms, runbacks, and trips without bypassing protection.
- Build a first-line troubleshooting and escalation record from operating evidence.

Course Agenda

Day 1: Map Large Steam Turbine Construction

- Impulse and Reaction Stage Operating Principle Map
- High-, Intermediate-, and Low-Pressure Casing Function Sheet
- Rotor, Disc, Blade, Diaphragm, Nozzle, and Exhaust Path Diagram
- Journal Bearing, Thrust Bearing, Coupling, and Alignment Interface Map
- Labyrinth Seal, Gland, Casing, Expansion, and Clearance Review

Day 2: Connect Valves and Auxiliary Systems

- Main Stop, Control, Reheat Stop, and Intercept Valve Function Matrix
- Lubricating, Jacking, Control-Oil, and Emergency-Oil System Map
- Turning Gear, Rotor Cooling, and Differential-Expansion Control Sheet
- Gland-Steam, Condenser Vacuum, Drain, and Moisture-Control Diagram
- Governor Interface, Overspeed Protection, and Trip-Oil Boundary Review

Day 3: Conduct Start-Up and Loading

- Pre-Start Equipment Status and Permissive Checklist
- Steam-Line Warming, Drain Management, and Water-Induction Prevention
- Turning-Gear Release, Rolling, Critical-Speed, and Soak Sequence
- Synchronization, Initial Loading, and Load-Ramp Decision Log
- Metal Temperature, Rotor Expansion, Vibration, and Stress Monitoring Sheet

Day 4: Control Normal Operation and Shutdown

- Pressure, Temperature, Flow, Speed, Load, and Vacuum Operating Envelope
- Bearing Temperature, Oil Pressure, Vibration, Eccentricity, and Expansion Trend
- Extraction, Bypass, Valve Position, and Steam-Quality Observation Sheet
- Normal Unloading, Cooling, Shutdown, and Turning-Gear Sequence
- Alarm, Runback, Trip, Emergency-Oil, and Safe-State Response Matrix

Day 5: Practice First-Line Fault Response

- Suggested Exercise: Identify Components from a Turbine System Diagram
- Suggested Exercise: Verify a Start-Up Permissive and Warm-Up Record
- Suggested Exercise: Diagnose an Abnormal Bearing and Vacuum Trend
- Suggested Exercise: Select Actions for Alarm, Runback, and Trip Scenarios
- Capstone Exercise: Present a Steam Turbine Operating Control Pack

Practical Exercises

The course uses suggested activities based on large utility and industrial steam turbine operating evidence.

- Suggested activity: trace the steam path, rotating train, bearings, seals, valves, drains, and support-system interfaces on a unit diagram.
- Suggested activity: review pre-start status, warming conditions, permissives, critical-speed passage, synchronization, and loading limits.
- Suggested activity: compare pressure, temperature, vibration, expansion, oil, vacuum, and valve trends with an operating envelope.
- Suggested activity: classify an abnormal condition, protect the unit, preserve evidence, escalate correctly, and complete an event record.

FAQs

Who suits large steam turbine operations training, and what does it assume?

The course suits operations, technical, mechanical, control, and reliability personnel who work with steam turbine-generator units and assumes they can interpret basic plant diagrams, procedures, indications, and shift records.

How does this course differ from combined-cycle power plant fundamentals?

This course concentrates on the steam turbine itself, its components, auxiliaries, operating sequences, limits, alarms, and first-line response, while combined-cycle fundamentals cover the wider gas turbine, HRSG, steam cycle, electrical, and balance-of-plant configuration.

Why must a steam turbine pass through critical speeds in a controlled way?

Critical-speed regions can amplify rotor response, so operators use approved acceleration rates and monitor vibration, eccentricity, bearing condition, and related limits rather than dwelling in restricted speed ranges.

What operating evidence matters during steam turbine start-up?

Start-up evidence includes steam conditions, drains, turning-gear status, permissives, speed, vibration, eccentricity, bearing temperatures, oil pressures, vacuum, casing and rotor expansion, metal temperatures, valve positions, and loading rate.

What should an operator do after a steam turbine trip?

The operator should follow the approved trip procedure, confirm the unit's safe state and essential auxiliaries, avoid unauthorized resets, preserve alarms and trends, identify the initiating evidence, communicate status, and escalate for technical review.

Conclusion

Participants take a Steam Turbine Operating Control Pack back to their organization. It combines component and interface maps, start-up permissives, warm-up and loading records, operating envelopes, monitoring sheets, shutdown checks, trip-response matrices, and fault-escalation records. The pack turns equipment knowledge and plant indications into a traceable basis for safe routine operation and first-line response.