

Reinforced Concrete Design and Construction for Hot Climates Training Course

1 – 5 March 2027
Sharm El-Sheikh

AGILE LEADERS
Training Center

Reinforced Concrete Design and Construction for Hot Climates Training Course

Ref: 2208_261516 **Date:** 1 – 5 March 2027 **Location:** Sharm El-Sheikh **Fees:** 5200 Euro

Overview

Reinforced Concrete Design and Construction for Hot Climates Training Course is a one-week intermediate course for civil, structural, construction, quality, and materials professionals, who leave with a Hot-Climate Concrete Control Plan. The course connects hot weather concreting, mixture temperature control, reinforcement detailing, placement, curing, testing, cracking control, and durability decisions. It turns environmental exposure into planned design and site controls. Agile Leaders Training Center develops reinforced concrete practice for hot climates.

Who Should Attend

- Teams responsible for structural concrete design and detailing
- Functions responsible for construction planning and site delivery
- People responsible for concrete quality, testing, and inspection
- Teams responsible for materials selection and mixture performance
- Functions responsible for maintenance, durability, and asset condition

The course assumes participants can read concrete drawings, specifications, or test reports; it leaves out introductory structural mechanics and specialist mass-concrete thermal modeling.

Departments and Industries

The course supports reinforced concrete decisions across buildings, transport infrastructure, utilities, industrial facilities, and asset maintenance.

- Civil and structural engineering functions
- Construction, site management, and planning teams
- Quality assurance, quality control, and laboratory functions
- Ready-mixed concrete, precast, and materials operations
- Facilities, infrastructure, and maintenance teams

Learning Objectives

By the end of this course, participants will be able to:

- Analyze hot-climate effects on fresh and hardened concrete.
- Apply materials and mixture-temperature controls.
- Evaluate reinforcement detailing and cracking risks.
- Build placement, finishing, and curing controls.
- Diagnose testing deviations and nonconformance.
- Prioritize durability and service-life actions.

Course Agenda

Day 1: Diagnose Hot-Climate Concrete Risks

- ACI PRC-305-20 Hot Weather Condition Assessment
- Ambient Temperature, Humidity, and Wind Exposure Map
- Concrete Temperature and Hydration Effect Analysis
- Evaporation Rate and Plastic Shrinkage Risk Screen
- Fresh and Hardened Property Failure-Mode Register

Day 2: Control Materials and Structural Detailing

- ACI CODE-318-25 Structural Concrete Requirement Map
- Cementitious Material and Aggregate Selection Matrix
- Admixture and Water-Control Decision Guide
- Mixture Proportion and Trial-Batch Review
- Reinforcement Cover, Spacing, and Crack-Control Check

Day 3: Plan Production and Placement

- ACI SPEC-305.1-1420 Project Control Checklist
- Ingredient Precooling and Batch Temperature Plan
- Transport Duration and Delivery Sequence Schedule
- Placement, Consolidation, and Joint-Control Method
- Finishing Timing and Surface Moisture Protection Plan

Day 4: Govern Curing, Testing, and Durability

- Moisture and Temperature Curing Control Plan
- Field Sampling and Concrete Temperature Record
- Slump, Strength, and Specimen-Curing Review
- Nonconformance Investigation and Corrective Action Log
- Exposure, Permeability, and Service-Life Decision Matrix

Day 5: Practice Hot-Climate Concrete Control

- Exercise: Diagnose an Evaporation and Cracking Scenario
- Exercise: Review a Mixture and Reinforcement Detail
- Exercise: Build a Production and Placement Sequence
- Exercise: Evaluate Curing, Testing, and Nonconformance Evidence
- Capstone Exercise: Complete the Hot-Climate Concrete Control Plan

Practical Exercises

The course uses suggested activities based on building, infrastructure, utility, and industrial concrete decisions.

- Suggested activity: assess weather, concrete temperature, evaporation, setting, and cracking indicators.
- Suggested activity: review mixture constituents, reinforcement details, cover, and exposure assumptions.
- Suggested activity: sequence batching, transport, placement, finishing, and curing controls.
- Suggested activity: diagnose test deviations and prioritize durability and service-life actions.

FAQs

Who suits reinforced concrete training for hot climates and what does it assume?

Reinforced concrete training for hot climates suits design, construction, quality, materials, and maintenance professionals who can interpret drawings, specifications, or test reports.

How does hot-climate concrete training differ from general structural design training?

Hot-climate concrete training connects structural detailing with temperature, evaporation, production, placement, curing, testing, cracking, and durability controls rather than focusing mainly on structural analysis.

Why does concrete temperature matter in hot weather concreting?

Concrete temperature affects workability, water demand, setting, moisture loss, strength development, and the time available for transport, placement, finishing, and curing.

How does curing support reinforced concrete durability in hot climates?

Curing maintains moisture and temperature conditions needed for hydration, strength development, low permeability, and control of adverse early-age volume changes.

AGILE LEADERS
Training Center

What should a hot weather concreting plan control?

A hot weather concreting plan should connect weather monitoring, material temperature, batching, delivery, placement, finishing, curing, testing, responsibilities, hold points, and corrective actions.

Conclusion

Participants take back a Hot-Climate Concrete Control Plan linking design assumptions, materials, reinforcement, production, placement, curing, testing, and durability. It converts weather exposure into assigned controls, records, and decision points. The plan supports coordinated action across engineering, construction, suppliers, laboratories, quality teams, and asset owners.