

Plastics Injection and Blow Moulding Course: Process Optimization and Mould Care

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Lisbon

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Ref: 2235_263476 **Date:** 11 – 15 October 2027 **Location:** Lisbon **Fees:** 6500 Euro

Overview

Plastics Injection and Blow Moulding Course: Process Optimization and Mould Care is a one-week course for process technicians, tooling specialists, and manufacturing engineers who require structured methods to stabilize polymer processing operations and preserve production tooling. Inconsistent melt viscosity, uncontrolled shrinkage, parison sag, and tool wear lead to high defect rates and unplanned downtime across plant operations. This course resolves these issues through systematic parameter optimization, decoupled molding practices, and disciplined mold maintenance following ISO 294-1:2017 and ISO 1133-1 standards. Agile Leaders Training Center delivers the Plastics Injection and Blow Moulding Course: Process Optimization and Mould Care.

Who Should Attend

- Process technicians responsible for setting machine parameters and stabilizing cycle times across production shifts.
- Tooling engineers tasked with mold preventative maintenance, cavity repairs, and cooling channel preservation.
- Quality control inspectors examining dimensional tolerances, weld line integrity, and wall thickness uniformity.
- Production supervisors managing machine uptime, scrap reduction initiatives, and material changeover efficiency.
- Maintenance mechanics servicing hydraulic clamping units, hot runner systems, and blow pin assemblies.

The course assumes participants actively operate polymer machinery and inspect molded components, and it leaves out fundamental machine shop safety and basic polymer chemistry.

Departments and Industries

The course draws practical processing cases from polymer conversion and industrial packaging facilities across commercial sectors.

- Rigid packaging production and bottle blow molding departments
- Automotive interior trim and technical component molding divisions
- Consumer goods manufacturing and closure fabrication operations
- Medical container forming and laboratory plasticware lines
- Industrial chemical container extrusion blow molding facilities

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Learning Objectives

By the end of this course, participants will be able to:

- Apply decoupled molding principles and cavity pressure monitoring to establish repeatable process windows.
- Analyze polymer melt flow rate data per ISO 1133-1 to adjust injection speeds and prevent short shots.
- Prioritize extrusion blow molding parameters to stabilize parison wall thickness and minimize container drop failures.
- Evaluate mold cooling circuit efficiency and thermal balance to prevent post-molding shrinkage under ISO 294-4:2018.
- Diagnose surface flash, jetting, sink marks, and parison sag through structured root-cause troubleshooting matrices.
- Build preventative tooling care protocols covering hot runner cleaning, parting line refurbishment, and vent maintenance.

Course Agenda

Day 1: Polymer Rheology and Scientific Molding Principles

- Thermoplastic melt behavior, viscosity curves, and shear thinning analysis per ISO 1133-1
- Decoupled molding architecture separating filling, packing, holding, and cooling stages
- Machine dynamic capability assessments and injection velocity linearity calibration
- Cavity balance audits and short-shot testing for multi-cavity runner balancing
- Process window development and gate seal study execution using part weight measurement

Day 2: Injection Molding Optimization and Defect Resolution

- Pack and hold pressure profiling to manage volumetric shrinkage per ISO 294-4:2018
- Clamping force calculations, projected area assessments, and parting line stress prevention
- Root-cause diagnostics for sink marks, flash, burn marks, and flow lines
- Hot runner manifold thermal balancing and valve-gate sequential timing optimization
- In-cavity pressure transducer data interpretation for automated part sorting

Day 3: Blow Molding Process Control and Parison Management

- Extrusion blow molding fundamentals and parison wall thickness control programming
- Stretch blow molding reheat oven profiling, preform temperature mapping, and stretch rod speed
- Blow-up ratio calculations and bottle neck finish calibration following ASTM D2911
- Drop impact resistance testing procedures and container failure analysis under ASTM D2463
- Defect mitigation for parison sag, uneven wall distribution, haze, and rocker bottoms

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Day 4: Mold Tooling Care, Cooling, and Preventative Maintenance

- Mold cooling channel descaling, flow rate monitoring, and turbulent flow Reynolds number validation
- Venting design standards, gas trap clearing, and parting line crush inspection
- Hot runner system teardown, heater band resistance testing, and tip replacement protocols
- Toolroom preventative maintenance scheduling, ultrasonic cleaning, and corrosion prevention
- Computer-aided engineering simulation parameters for mold thermal warpage per ISO 17282:2004

Day 5: Process Optimization and Tooling Maintenance Capstone

- Exercise: establish a decoupled injection molding process sheet using gate seal and viscosity data
- Exercise: calibrate parison wall thickness profiles to resolve container drop test failures
- Exercise: execute a mold parting line audit and design a preventative cleaning schedule
- Exercise: diagnose multi-cavity part defects using cavity pressure curves and weight balance sheets
- Capstone exercise: present an integrated process optimization and mold maintenance action plan

Practical Exercises

The course uses real production parameter logs, tooling inspection records, and defect samples from high-volume conversion plants.

- Suggested activity: Construct an in-cavity pressure profile and calculate optimum transfer position for an injection molded housing.
- Suggested activity: Calibrate a parison programming curve to correct thin corners on a blow molded container.
- Suggested activity: Formulate a mold preventative maintenance checklist targeting vent cleaning and water jacket descaling.

FAQs

Who suits the Plastics Injection and Blow Moulding Course: Process Optimization and Mould Care?

The Plastics Injection and Blow Moulding Course: Process Optimization and Mould Care suits process technicians, manufacturing engineers, and tooling supervisors. The course assumes active involvement in plastics manufacturing environments, leaving out introductory general chemistry and manual machining basics.

How does this course differ from basic plastics setter training?

Basic setter courses focus on manual machine navigation and simple start-stop procedures. This course delivers engineering-grade decoupled molding principles, parison thickness control, systematic defect diagnostics, and mold preservation techniques backed by ISO and ASTM testing standards.

How does decoupled molding improve process capability?

Decoupled molding isolates the fast mold-filling phase from the pack-and-hold phase. This separation prevents machine hydraulic fluctuations and polymer viscosity changes from altering part dimensions, establishing consistent part weight and cycle stability across production batches.

Why is mold cooling water circuit maintenance critical for cycle times?

Scale accumulation and corroded cooling channels reduce thermal transfer efficiency and create laminar coolant flow. Maintaining turbulent flow and descaling circuits ensures rapid, uniform heat extraction, preventing part warpage and cutting overall cooling cycle durations.

Conclusion

Participants return to their organizations equipped with an integrated process optimization and mold maintenance action plan. This tangible operational framework enables molding plants to resolve recurring surface defects and significantly reduce mold changeover delays. Production and tooling teams immediately apply these standardized methods to stabilize machine cycles and prolong tool life across high-volume production operations.