



AI for Oil & Gas Production Data Analysis Forecasting

4 – 8 October 2026
Muscat

AI for Oil & Gas Production Data Analysis Forecasting

Ref: 103600671_83608 **Date:** 4 – 8 October 2026 **Location:** Muscat **Fees:** 5700 Euro

Course Overview:

AI for Data Production Forecasting is a practical, basic-level corporate training course designed for engineers and technical professionals working in oil and gas production environments. The course introduces Artificial Intelligence for Oil and Gas through the specific lens of production data, forecasting, operational analysis, and engineering decision-making. Rather than approaching AI as a programming discipline, participants first learn how production data can be prepared, interpreted, modeled, and converted into useful forecasts.

The course reflects the petroleum-industry workflow presented in the supporting reference, which moves from data preprocessing, cleaning, transformation, training, validation, model evaluation, and sensitivity analysis toward applications of intelligent models in reservoir and production engineering. It also incorporates practical forecasting concepts such as time-series analysis, machine learning methods, forecasting accuracy, changing data patterns, model explainability, and forecast performance evaluation.

Participants explore AI for Oil and Gas Engineers through Production Data Analysis Oil and Gas, Oil and Gas Data Analytics, Predictive Analytics in Oil and Gas, Machine Learning in Oil and Gas, and AI for Production Forecasting. The emphasis remains accessible and engineering-focused: understanding what AI can do, preparing reliable production data, recognizing patterns and anomalies, comparing forecasting approaches, interpreting results, and using forecasts to support production planning and operational decisions.

Target Audience:

- Production Engineers
- Petroleum Engineers
- Reservoir Engineers requiring introductory production forecasting knowledge
- Operations Engineers
- Process Engineers working with production data
- Well Performance Engineers
- Artificial Lift Engineers
- Production Technologists
- Petroleum Data Analysts
- Production Planning Engineers
- Technical Engineers supporting upstream operations
- Junior and intermediate-level oil and gas professionals
- Engineering supervisors requiring foundational AI knowledge



Targeted Organizational Departments:

- Production Engineering
- Petroleum Engineering
- Reservoir and Production Support
- Upstream Operations
- Well Performance and Production Optimization
- Production Planning and Forecasting
- Technical Services
- Operations Engineering
- Asset Performance and Reliability
- Digital Transformation
- Data Analytics and Digital Oilfield Teams
- Artificial Lift and Well Operations

Targeted Industries:

- Oil and Gas Exploration and Production
- Upstream Petroleum Operations
- National Oil Companies
- International Oil Companies
- Oilfield Services
- Petroleum Engineering Consultancies
- Integrated Energy Companies
- Gas Production and Processing
- Offshore Oil and Gas Operations
- Onshore Production Operations
- Energy Technology and Digital Oilfield Services

Course Offerings:

By the end of this course, participants will be able to:

- Explain the fundamental concepts of Artificial Intelligence for Oil and Gas in clear engineering terms.
- Distinguish between Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Predictive Analytics, and traditional engineering models.
- Identify common sources and types of petroleum production data used for forecasting.
- Prepare production datasets through basic cleaning, integration, transformation, outlier identification, and validation.
- Analyze oil, gas, water, pressure, temperature, and operational production trends.
- Understand the role of time-series data in Oil and Gas Production Forecasting.
- Explain how Machine Learning in Oil and Gas can be used to predict production behavior.
- Compare conventional production forecasting approaches with AI for Production Forecasting.
- Recognize suitable AI models such as regression, decision trees, random forests, support vector machines, and neural-network approaches at a conceptual level.
- Evaluate forecasts using basic error and performance measures.
- Identify anomalies and production-performance changes using data-driven techniques.
- Apply Predictive Analytics in Oil and Gas to support production planning and engineering decisions.

Training Methodology:

AI for Data Production Forecasting uses a highly practical, beginner-friendly methodology tailored to engineers rather than programmers or data scientists. Concepts are introduced progressively, beginning with Artificial Intelligence for Oil and Gas and moving toward production datasets, data preparation, Oil and Gas Data Analytics, time-series interpretation, and AI for Production Forecasting.

Instructor-led discussions will use simplified petroleum-production scenarios to explain how AI models interpret historical production information. Participants will work through examples involving oil, gas, water, pressure, equipment, and operational data. The petroleum AI reference emphasizes preprocessing, training, validation, statistical model evaluation, graphical error analysis, outlier identification, and sensitivity analysis; these concepts will be translated into straightforward engineering activities rather than advanced mathematical exercises.

Case studies and guided demonstrations will illustrate Production Data Analysis Oil and Gas, anomaly identification, production prediction, and forecast evaluation. Forecasting exercises will introduce traditional versus machine-learning-based approaches, changing data distributions, interpretability, ensemble concepts, and forecast-performance evaluation at an appropriate introductory level.

Group discussions, engineering interpretation exercises, comparison activities, and daily reflection sessions reinforce learning. Examples of relevant software and AI tools may be demonstrated, but participants are not expected to build advanced algorithms or perform extensive coding.

Course Toolbox:

- Production forecasting terminology guide
- AI and Machine Learning for Oil and Gas reference notes
- Sample petroleum production datasets
- Oil, gas, and water production trend examples
- Production-data cleaning checklist
- Production-data quality checklist
- Data visualization examples
- Time-series forecasting examples
- Traditional versus AI forecasting comparison guide
- Forecast accuracy and model evaluation reference sheet
- Production anomaly identification examples
- Engineering model-validation checklist
- Production forecasting workflow template
- AI use-case selection framework for oil and gas operations
- Production forecasting case studies
- Examples of regression, decision trees, random forests, support vector machines, and neural networks

Note: Software platforms, AI applications, and forecasting tools are not provided as part of the course. The training provides insights, demonstrations, examples, and guidance on tools relevant to AI for Oil and Gas Production where appropriate.

Course Agenda:

Day 1: Artificial Intelligence Fundamentals for Oil and Gas Production

- **Topic 1:** Artificial Intelligence for Oil and Gas: Concepts, Capabilities, and Limitations
- **Topic 2:** AI, Machine Learning, Predictive Analytics, and Data Science Explained for Engineers
- **Topic 3:** Where AI Is Used Across Oil and Gas Production Operations
- **Topic 4:** Understanding Production Data: Oil, Gas, Water, Pressure, Temperature, and Operational Variables
- **Topic 5:** From Engineering Data to AI-Supported Production Decisions
- **Topic 6:** Identifying Practical AI for Oil and Gas Production Use Cases
- **Reflection & Review:** Reviewing AI fundamentals and identifying realistic applications within petroleum production operations

Day 2: Production Data Analysis and Preparation

- **Topic 1:** Production Data Analysis Oil and Gas: Sources, Structures, and Engineering Context
- **Topic 2:** Data Cleaning, Missing Values, Noise, and Production Data Quality
- **Topic 3:** Data Integration, Transformation, Reduction, and Preparation for Analysis
- **Topic 4:** Detecting Outliers and Abnormal Production Measurements
- **Topic 5:** Visualizing Oil, Gas, Water, Pressure, and Production Performance Trends
- **Topic 6:** Selecting Useful Variables and Features for Production Forecasting
- **Reflection & Review:** Assessing whether production data is suitable and reliable enough for AI-based forecasting

The sequence reflects the petroleum AI reference's emphasis on data cleaning, integration, transformation, reduction, statistics, training, validation, testing, outlier identification, and sensitivity analysis before intelligent modeling.

Day 3: Oil and Gas Production Forecasting Fundamentals

- **Topic 1:** Oil and Gas Production Forecasting: Purpose, Horizons, and Engineering Applications
- **Topic 2:** Understanding Production Time-Series Data, Trends, Lags, and Changing Behavior
- **Topic 3:** Traditional Production Forecasting and Decline Trend Concepts
- **Topic 4:** Introducing AI for Production Forecasting
- **Topic 5:** Regression and Machine Learning Approaches for Production Prediction
- **Topic 6:** Comparing Traditional and AI-Based Production Forecasts
- **Reflection & Review:** Selecting appropriate forecasting approaches based on the available production data and engineering objective

Day 4: Machine Learning and Predictive Analytics for Production

- **Topic 1:** Machine Learning in Oil and Gas: How Models Learn from Historical Production Data
- **Topic 2:** Decision Trees and Random Forests for Production Prediction
- **Topic 3:** Support Vector Machines and Neural Networks: Basic Engineering Applications
- **Topic 4:** Predictive Analytics in Oil and Gas for Production Performance and Operational Trends
- **Topic 5:** AI-Based Anomaly Detection and Early Identification of Production Problems
- **Topic 6:** Linking Production Forecasts with Optimization and Operational Planning
- **Reflection & Review:** Interpreting machine-learning outputs and connecting predictions with engineering decisions



Day 5: Forecast Validation and Practical Production Decision-Making

- **Topic 1:** Measuring Production Forecast Accuracy and Model Performance
- **Topic 2:** Training, Validation, Testing, and Avoiding Overfitting
- **Topic 3:** Engineering Plausibility: Checking Whether an AI Forecast Makes Operational Sense
- **Topic 4:** Forecast Uncertainty, Changing Production Conditions, and Model Limitations
- **Topic 5:** Using AI Forecasts to Support Production Planning and Optimization
- **Topic 6:** Building a Practical AI for Production Data Forecasting Workflow
- **Reflection & Review:** Consolidating the complete workflow from production data preparation to forecast interpretation and engineering decision-making

FAQ:

What specific qualifications or prerequisites are needed for participants before enrolling in the course?

No prior Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, programming, or data-science experience is required. The course is designed at a basic level. Familiarity with oil and gas production, petroleum engineering, operational data, or another technical engineering environment will help participants relate the examples to their work. Basic spreadsheet and numerical-data skills are beneficial but not mandatory.

How long is each day's session, and is there a total number of hours required for the entire course?

Each day's session is generally structured to last around 4-5 hours, with breaks and interactive activities included. The total course duration spans five days, approximately 20-25 hours of instruction.

Does this course teach participants to build advanced machine-learning models for oil production forecasting?

No. The course introduces the principles, workflow, terminology, model types, and practical applications of AI for Production Forecasting at a basic level. Participants learn how production data is prepared, how forecasting models work, how different approaches can be compared, and how model results should be interpreted and validated. More advanced topics such as neural networks are introduced conceptually rather than through advanced mathematics or extensive programming. This is particularly important because petroleum AI models need adequate data, validation, and engineering interpretation before they can be considered reliable.

How This Course is Different from Other AI for Data Production Forecasting Courses:

AI for Data Production Forecasting is designed specifically around the requirements of engineers working with petroleum production information. It avoids the two common extremes of AI training: overly generic introductions with little engineering relevance and technically advanced machine-learning programs that assume programming or data-science experience.

The course begins with basic Artificial Intelligence for Oil and Gas and progressively connects AI concepts with real production variables, Production Data Analysis Oil and Gas, Oil and Gas Data Analytics, Machine Learning in Oil and Gas, and Oil and Gas Production Forecasting. Participants therefore understand the complete logic of the workflow: data collection, preprocessing, visualization, forecasting, validation, interpretation, and decision-making.

A further distinction is its emphasis on engineering validation. The petroleum-industry reference stresses preprocessing, experimental outlier identification, sensitivity analysis, validation, and the strengths and weaknesses of intelligent models compared with theoretical and empirical models. The forecasting literature similarly emphasizes performance evaluation, non-stationary data, interpretability, and the fact that AI methods must be evaluated rather than automatically assumed to outperform traditional techniques.

As a result, participants learn not simply how AI can generate forecasts, but how engineers should determine whether those forecasts are credible, operationally meaningful, and useful for production decisions.